



Supplementary Figure S4: Validation experiments in chemotherapy resistant models and IRCC-114_XL cells following WRN depletion. A, Proliferation assays in Lovo and RKO

models of acquired resistance to chemotherapies and parental counterparts. Data are average \pm SD of three technical replicates and are representative of three independent experiments. **B**, Normalized viability of upon siRNA-mediated WRN depletion in LoVo and RKO chemotherapy-resistant sublines. Non-targeting siRNA (siNT) and siPLK1 were used as negative and positive controls, respectively. Data are mean and SD of 2 independent experiments with 4 technical replicates each. Statistical significance was evaluated using a Student's t-test: ns, not significant; ** $P \leq 0.01$ *** $P \leq 0.001$. **C-D** Reduction in WRN protein levels in HCT116 and SW48 sublines and IRCC-114-XL cells confirmed by Western blot after siRNA-mediated depletion of WRN (left) or with two WRN-targeting sgRNAs (right) (representative of two independent experiments). **E**, Representative image of an IRCC-114-XL metaphase harvested 96h after transduction with non-targeting sgRNA (sgNon), karyotyped based on DAPI-banding patterns and visualized by microscopy. No chromosomal defects were detected. **F** and **G**, Metaphases of IRCC-114-XL cell line transduced with non-targeting sgRNA (F) and WRN-targeting sgRNA (G). Overlaps and complex rearrangements are indicated by red and yellow arrows, respectively. Metaphases have been imaged using SmartCapture and karyotyped using SmartType Karyotyper based on M-FISH and DAPI banding patterns.